## CLAIM AMENDMENTS

Claim 1. (currently amended) A system for hanging curtains flatly, said system comprising one or more elongate hangers (15), each elongate hanger having an open suspension hook at each end thereof which have open suspension hooks (21 - 24, 17, 26, 41, 42) at both ends thereof adapted to be suspended on a rod (16) so as to be slideable along the rod, and a single at least one panel curtain mounted to hang flatly from the elongate hanger and to and movable move with the elongate hanger along the rod without folding said one or more elongate hangers.

Claim 2. (currently amended) A system according to claim 1, characterised in that <u>said system comprises a</u> the rod has having brackets (30 - 33), at least one of which is arranged to permit the hooks to slide past the brackets.

Claim 3. (currently amended) A system according to claim 2, characterised in that <del>said</del> at least one of <del>the</del> <u>said</u> brackets (30 - 33) is arranged to leave the upper surface of the rod free as a sliding surface for the hooks.

Claim 4. (previoulsy presented) A system according to claim 3, characterised in that said at least one of the brackets comprises clamping means (36, 37) for clamping the rod (16) fixed.

Claim 5. (currently amended) A system according to Claim 1, characterised by a sliding fillet (18, 19, 28) on at least one of the hangers (15) for preventing the two said curtains from sliding directly against each other at their suspension areas if two hangers are hung overlapping each other on the rod.

Claim 6. (previously presented) A system according to Claim 1, characterised in that the hooks (21 - 24, 17, 26, 41, 42) are arranged to be laid onto the rod.

Claim 7. (previously presented) A system according to Claim 1, characterised in that the hooks (21 - 24, 17, 26, 41, 42) have an opening at least as big as the diameter of the curtain rod.

Claim 8. (currently amended) A method of hanging panel curtains flatly for slideable movement along a rod that is affixed to a substructure by more than one bracket, characterised in that elongated hangers (15) each having open suspension hooks (21 - 24) at both ends thereof are provided, in that the panel curtains (11 - 14) are mounted flatly on the elongated hangers and movable along the rod without folding, and in that the elongated hangers are suspended on the rod (16, 38, 39) with the open suspension hooks on the rod.

Claim 9. (previously presented) A method according to claim 8, characterised in that the brackets (30 - 33) of the rod are adapted to permit for the open suspension hooks to pass the brackets.

Claim 10. (previously presented) A method according to claim 9, characterised in that the brackets used leave a part of the surface of the rod free as a sliding surface for the open suspension hooks (21 - 24; 17, 26; 41, 42).

Claim 11. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 8, characterised in that two or more of said elongated hangers (15) are hung overlapping each other on the same rod (16) so that they can be mutually moved but not separated.

Claim 12. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 8, characterised in that the open suspension hooks (21 - 24; 17, 26, 41, 42) used have a design that permit them to be put onto the rod (16).

Claim 13. (currently amended) A method according to Claim 8, characterised in that two rods are used, and one hook of at least one of the elongated hangers is placed on one rod and one another hook of another said at least one elongated hanger is placed on the other rod.

Claim 14. (currently amended) A system according to Claim 3, characterised by a sliding fillet (18, 19, 28) on at least one of the hangers (15) for preventing two said curtains from sliding directly against each other at their suspension areas if two hangers are hung overlapping each other on the rod.

Claim 15. (currently amended) A system according to Claim 4, characterised by a sliding fillet (18, 19, 28) on at least one of the hangers (15) for preventing the two said curtains from sliding directly against each other at their suspension areas if two hangers are hung overlapping each other on the rod.

Claim 16. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 9, characterised in that two or more of said elongated hangers (15) are hung overlapping each other on the same rod (16) so that they can be mutually moved but not separated.

Claim 17. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 10, characterised in that two or more of said elongated hangers (15) are hung overlapping each other on the same rod (16) so that they can be mutually moved but not separated.

Claim 18. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 9, characterised in that the open suspension hooks (21 - 24; 17, 26, 41, 42) used have a design that permit them to be put onto the rod (16).

Claim 19. (previously presented) A method according to Claim 10, characterised in that the open suspension hooks (21 - 24; 17, 26, 41, 42) used have a design that permit them to be put onto the rod (16).

Claim 20. (currently amended) A method according to Claim 9, characterised in that two rods are used, and one hook of at least one of the elongated hangers is placed on one rod and one another hook of another said at least one elongated hanger is placed on the other rod.

Claim 21. (currently amended) The system according to Claim 1, wherein each said elongate hanger has a single panel said curtain is mounted thereon to each of said one or more elongate hangers.

Claim 22. (currently amended) A method according to Claim 8, wherein each said elongate hanger has a single said panel curtain is mounted thereon to each of said elongated hangers.